














Icon	Title	Brief Synopsis	Recruiting period	Recruitment nos	Published data
	<b>ARCHIE:</b> The early use of <u>A</u> ntibiotics for at <u>R</u> isk <u>C</u> hildren with <u>I</u> nflue <u>N</u> za in primary care	This study was looking at whether giving an antibiotic to “at risk” children presenting within the first five days of a flu-like illness, might be beneficial.	Oct-April (2015-2018)	<b>14</b>	
	<b>ATAFUTI:</b> A Trial Investigating <u>A</u> lternative <u>T</u> reatments for <u>A</u> dult <u>F</u> emale <u>U</u> rinary <u>T</u> ract <u>I</u> nfection	This study was looking at whether a herb “uva ursi” could provide relief from symptoms of a suspected urinary tract infection in women, thereby reducing the need for antibiotic use.	Nov 2015 – Oct 2016	<b>15</b>	
	<b>BARACK-D:</b> <u>B</u> enefits of <u>A</u> ldosterone <u>R</u> eceptor <u>A</u> ntagonism in <u>C</u> hronic <u>K</u> idney <u>D</u> isease	This study was looking at whether an addition of a medication called spironolactone could help improve the treatment of chronic kidney disease and help prevent heart disease	July 2014- July 2018	<b>32</b>	
	<b>BATHE:</b> <u>B</u> ath <u>A</u> dditives for the <u>T</u> reatment of <u>c</u> Hildhood <u>E</u> czema	This study was looking at whether bath emollients help childhood eczema or not.	March 2015 – October 2015	<b>10</b>	May 2018. Please click on study icon on main website for more details.
	<b>BEEP:</b> <u>B</u> arrier <u>E</u> nhancement for <u>E</u> czema <u>P</u> revention	This study was looking at whether application of emollient to a child, starting within the first 21 days after birth can prevent eczema in children who have a high risk of developing eczema.	Dec 2015 – Nov 2016	<b>4</b>	
	<b>CANDID:</b> <u>C</u> ANcer <u>D</u> iagnosis <u>D</u> ecision rules study	This study was about finding what symptoms and examinations are best for predicting lung and bowel cancer	Dec 2013 - Sept 2017	<b>418</b>	
	<b>CEDAR:</b> the children’s ear pain study	This study was looking at whether pain relieving ear drops would help reduced antibiotic prescribing for children presenting with uncomplicated acute otitis media (middle ear infection)	Jan 2017 – June 2017	<b>2</b>	<b>Study ceased due to lack of funding</b>
	<b>HEAT:</b> <u>H</u> elicobacter <u>E</u> radication <u>A</u> spirin <u>T</u> rial	This study was looking at whether eradication of Helicobacter pylori (H-pylori) in patients taking regular aspirin would reduce the occurrence of peptic ulcer bleeding.	31 <sup>st</sup> July 2013 - Oct 2014	<b>41</b>	
	<b>HepCATT:</b> <u>H</u> epatitis <u>C</u> – <u>A</u> ssessment to <u>T</u> reatment <u>T</u> rial	This study involved identifying patients who were at a higher risk of Hepatitis C virus (HVC) infection and inviting them to a test in order to establish if they had HVC but have not been treated.	July 2016- July 2017	<b>n/a</b>	
	<b>HOME BP:</b> A study of online support for people with hypertension	This study was testing an online software programme that aimed to keep a patient’s high blood pressure under control by self-monitoring and self-managing with support from the patient’s GP practice.	Feb 2017 – Aug 2017	<b>3</b>	

	<p><b>MIR:</b> <u>MIR</u>tazapine added to SSRI/SNRI antidepressants for treatment resistant depression in primary care: a randomised controlled trial</p>	<p>This study was looking at whether an additional antidepressant called mirtazapine was effective in reducing symptoms of depression in patients already on a maintenance antidepressant therapy and still having symptoms of depression.</p>	<p>Aug 2013 – Sept 2015</p>	<p><b>10</b></p>	
	<p><b>PACT:</b> <u>P</u>ersonalised medicine for <u>A</u>sthma <u>C</u>on<u>T</u>rol</p>	<p>The focus of this study was to investigate whether personalised prescribing, according to a child's genetic make-up, in 12-18yr olds, and asthma symptoms could improve the quality of life and their asthma control</p>	<p>Aug 2017 –April 2018</p>	<p><b>7</b></p>	
	<p><b>PANDA:</b> what are the indications for <u>P</u>rescribing <u>A</u>nti-<u>D</u>epress<u>A</u>nts that will lead to a clinical benefit?</p>	<p>This study was looking at whether antidepressant therapy would make a difference to patients who presented with symptoms of depression but uncertainty (from both patient and GP) whether antidepressants would be beneficial or not.</p>	<p>Jun 2014 – Sept 2017</p>	<p><b>9</b></p>	
<p><b>TIMeLi</b></p>	<p><b>TIMeLi:</b> <u>T</u>owards <u>I</u>mproving diagnosis of <u>M</u>emory <u>L</u>oss <u>I</u>n general practice</p>	<p>The aim in this study was to identify what tests are most helpful, useful and add value to clinical judgement when diagnosing dementia in general practice</p>	<p>June 2016- May 2017</p>	<p><b>30</b></p>	